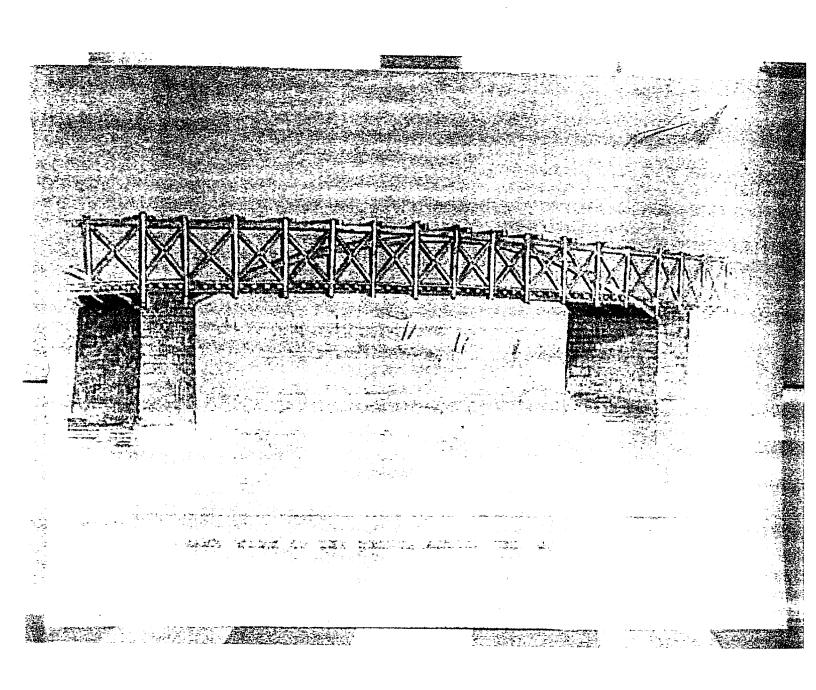
Attachment 1-Newspaper references and photographs

- Photographs in chronological order
- Newspaper articles in chronological order (some of the articles quoted are not reproduced here, but are obtainable if necessary)

Attachment 1–Sketch of Gervais Street bridge prior to 1865

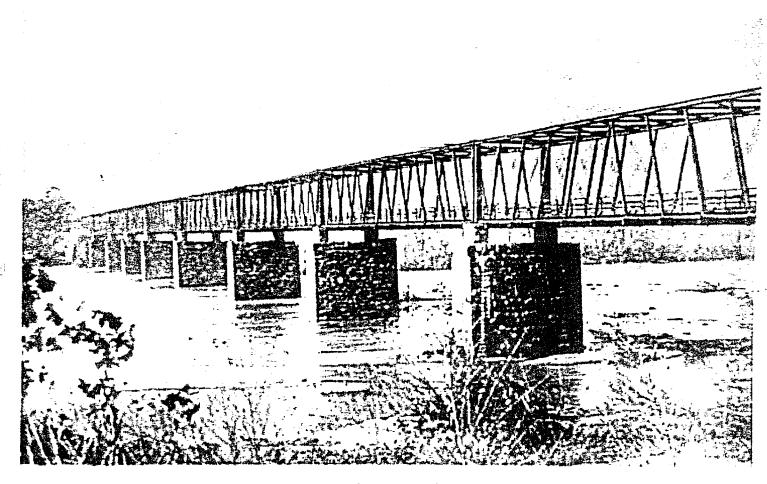


Attachment 1–Photograph of bridge pilings, 1865



Columbia After Sherman's Visit Triage over the Condaree River

Attachment 1–Photograph of Gervais Street Bridge after reconstruction in 1872



CONTRACTOR DESIGNATION

Attachment 1–Photograph of Gervais Street Bridge showing 1908 flood level with flooring



Attachment 1–The State, April 12, 1964



Farm Areas Isolation

This farm, shown in an aerial picture by staff photographer Victure, has been completely isolated by flood waters from the Congaree River. The only access to the farm, which is located approxi-

erating ohnson le after

mately three miles south of Columbia, is the road shown center left. The road is completely under water. More pictures of Midlands flooding on Page 7-B.

Attachment 1–Daily South Carolinian, August 31, 1852

dess Presbet. priord pesterdly that we had a store compensed with rain, on Friday pight. The quantily of rain that must have fallen share this place must have been much larger than what fell here. On Saturday out river began to rive, and on Sunday morning it was evident that we would have a destructive freshet. The river continued to rise all day, and its purface was strewn with wrecks and timbers, showing that great damage had been sustained alere. The bridge known as Broad First Bridge, was carried off early in the day, and serious apprehension was felt for the Columbia Bridge op to one o'clock on Monday morning, the water continuing to rise until that hour. It was then ascertained that it was five feet higher than the great floor of May, 1840, the largest freshet which had occurred in our river within the memory of man.

The flood remained stationary for some hours after one o'clock yesterday morning, when it began to subside, and b, 10 o'clock it had fallen twelve inches. Large numbers of our citizens were congregated on the banks during Sunday afternoon and evening, and there were for who do not beli-ve the bridge would be carried off. The noble structure, however, still stands, a monument to the skill of the architect who planned and executed the work. The waters came up over a portion of its floor on the north side, and the flood beat against the weather boarding on the same side for many hours, but apparently without any effect. It is saidthe western abutment of the bridge is considerably ! damaged by sashing. The destruction of property, crops, mills, and mill-dams, stock; &c., most be immense, but we trust that the planters on the Santee will have sufficient warning ere the flood reaches them, to have their stock and all their movable property placed out of danger. As yet we have heard of no extensive damage except the de-S ruction of the Bread River bridge, It was rumored yesterday that the fine bridge creeted by the Greenrille Rollcoad, Company had been carried away, but up to the time we write, we could not trace the rumor to any authentic source." "We learn that the storm of Friday night was very severe to the cash of us, in the neighborhood of Camden, tearing up trees, lenves, &co. Some fears are entertained forthe salety of the Caniden bridge, and the trestlework of the Camden calcoad over the Waterenswamp. The Greenville Rulfrond, we fear, has suffered to a great extent. The cars have not arrived from the head of the road since Friday morning.

Experienced planters and others well acquainted with the ravages of fineds estimate the destruction of property by this at from four to six millions of dollars.

LATER.—The cars from Charleston reached here at a little after six o'clock last evening. We learn by passengers that about a quarter past two o'clock the railroad bridge over the Congaree was swept owny. Passengers came acress in bouts.

We learn that the Greenville railroad bridge at Aliston, was partially carried off—the three centre arches giving way, leaving a space on each side of the river. Some of the buildings and storehouses at Allston were also destroyed.—Telegraphia communication is interrupted South and North, beyond Raleigh.

It is reported from Augusta that the bridge there has been awept off, and that some of the streets of that city are submerged several feet.

Order of the Lone Stare. It is said that numerous divisions to this Order

Attachment 1–Charleston News & Courier, May 21, 1886

Charlotte Angusta Favannah. Jacksonvii Pensacola		Calm. B. K. B. T.	Cloudy Clear, Uloudy Cloar,	
Now Orlea	**************************************	· H. W.	Clear,	
Galveston.	74	B. W.	Clear,	- •
Cincinnati		N.E.	Olear,	•
Ba boule		N.E. N.K.	Clear,	
	BIGEL	it Orrión.		7

Daily means of local observations, (7 A, 24, 3 P. M., 11 P. M., 75th meridian time:)

THERMOMETRIC DECORD.

For the twenty-four hours ending May 20, at 6 P. M.:

Sub Stations, Mar.	and the same of th	
Charleston70 Eranchville78	$\begin{array}{cccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccc$	
-St-George's78-	,08205 08205	
Kingstree79	67	
Haraeeville77	70 - 186	
Yemassee77 Jacksonboro'70	70 1.80 67 .08	

COTTON REGION BULLETIN.

In the following table the mean temperature and average minfall are made up from thre and average minian are made up from the reports received from the sub-stations embraced within the different districts. For instance, there are eight stations in the Charleston district. The reports from these stations are received at 6 o'clock every day, when the mean of the whole is made up and published as given below:

	31 47	milanda latt
-Wilmington76	63	16142-1-1146.
Charleston77	68	7.16
Augusta78	64	2.42
	CG	66
Atlanta78	02	.43
Monigomery	181	.03
Mobile79	(1.3	.10
New Orleans 78	58	.01
Galvesion87	68	.00
Vicksburg, 75	67	.45
Little Rock7D	55	.04
Memphia75	57	1818

THE CONGARES RIVER.

COLUMBIA, May 20.—The height of the Congares River at Columbia at 4.80 o'clock to day was 10 feet 6 inches above low water, and 7 feet higher than at the same time yestorday and rising rapidly.

.....THE BRO-DES BIVER.

CHERAW, May 20.—The Peo-Dec: River at 6 P. M. to-day was 20 feet 6 inches above lew water mark.

WATERER RIVER,
HIRGYHAM, MAY 20.—At 6 P. M. today the Wateree River was 10 feet 6-inches
above low water mark and rising.

TAR HAYAKHAK KITER

AURUTTA, GA., May 20.—The height of the Havannah River at Augusta, at 1.88 7. M. to-day, (Augusta local Units) was 28.7 feet, there being a rise of 18.7 feet during the preceding twenty-four hours.

THE CATAWHA RIVER.

MOPRE HOLLY, N. O., May 20.—The hairly of the Catawha Myer at Mount Holly, at 2 P. M. to-day, (75th meridian time,) was 9 feel, there being a fall of 1 foot during the proceding twanty-four hours,

THRUMOMETER IN THE CITY.

Range of thermometeral Biscaman's firms store, Broad street, yesterday:

	₹ ₩	10 A M	12 M	I'M	P M	P M	8 P M
1886. May 29 1885.	73	60	80	80	78	77	75
May 20	170	79	81	83	88	80	78

Tor Saler

Attachment 1–Charleston News & Courier, May 22, 1886

RAVAGED BY RAGING RIVERS.

DISASTROUS REFERCTS OF FLOOD IN THE STATE.

Columbia's New Water-Works Complately Demolished-Serious Damage to no Canal and Other Public Proportycomy Reports of Great Losses to mermere-Hallroad Travel Bailty meturbed-limicartening Accounts from Other Points.

THE NEWS AND COURIER BUREAU 103 MAIN BIBERT, COLUMBIA, May 21.

We have a delige in South Carolina. No wonder can be felt that the rivers are furious and unmanageable, when it is learned that the rainfall here night before last, between 6 P. M. and 6 A. M., was six and ninety-one-hundredths of an inch. This is what the gauge of the signal service office registered, as the observer reports to day. Dr. Jackson's smaller gauge was overflowed as re-

Although the rain had coased in this section the rivers continued to rise, and great uneasiness was roll horo has night us to the fate of the two bridges which connect Columbia with Loxington County the one over Broad Pivar, above the city, and the other over the Congaroe, opposito Columbia. Fears were entertained also for the Canal. A large furce of convicts worked yesterday to build a "protection embankment" at the upper end of the Canal, and made great progress. They were stopped at sunset, loaving the bank five feet higher than the water was at the time. It was unfortunate that they were not kept at work all night to insure the safety of the work, because what they had done proved to bousoloss. Manager Anderson, of the Canal, was unfortunately sick in bed and could not et the force as it should have been

This morning alarming rumors were circulated on the streets concerning the bridges and the Canal. - Shortly Ibefore If o'clock a representative of Till NEWS AND COURIER went down to the Congaree bridge to begin a canvasa of the airuation. A large number of vehicles were tound collected at the Columbia termihas of the structure, having been outployed to convey sight-scors to the spot. Many ladies, were among the vistors. The sight which met the eye was wild and thrilling. At the ferry crossing, just below the pridge, the river at its ordinary level is 250 yards with. Now fourning mass of water fully 500 yards n width hurried downward toward, the mast.

The water had spread all over the lowands below the bridge, carrying de-druction with it. The ferry approaches nd Pearco's grantto quarries were suberged. A negro house on the Columvas submerged to the caves of the rapf. walk across the bridge furnished exitement enough to attr the most slugish blood. The awollen stream was a cething mass of tawny water, speckled itth debris of all kinds. Hugo logs, prooted treets, boxes and trash wore urried down the torrent at a spend bich could not be less than ten milles n hour.

The water covered the great granite uttreases of the old bridge, about five below the flooring of the present ture. It raged against these plers, wirling around them in huge oddles, any yards in diameter, which boiled to medstroms. The tunultuous yeles dencing and whirling down the curent or being momentarily arrested by the meet the filete, formed a trange con-

views of the picture series seems. Ladies in numbers occupied the carriages and took mental impressions. Alderman W. B. Lowrance, chalrman of the water-works committee of the city council, climbed puttly over the Canal on the water mains and swam from the point water mains and awam from the point water they were submerged. He reached the 'Island, made a reconnels-sance and returned with news that the works water statement of the transfer than the other bar that the dozen bly plant transfer on the televit had dozen ble pina trees on the Island had Leen washed down. Only three were left and those were deep lu the water. Bets were made as to when the waterworks would go.

At 1:10 P. M. the Island had been dis-Folyed as for down as the perelt of the upper hallding containing the ongine and part of the porch was swept away. lly 1.40 P. M. the roof of the perch fell in. At 1.65 the main door of the build. ing was burst by the force of the water and the structure began to settle. Pive minutes later, the current having oaught the outward wall, the bailding toppled ever and went down with a crash. The roof had a cupola, and as it sailed mastically down stream with this rising from its centro and the smokestack of the ongline still projecting from the top at an angle of thite the degrees, it bore a marked resemblance to a turroted moultor with a big pivot gun_on dick. In this shape it bore down on the Congaroo bridge, and the crowd from the commanding eminence, watched for the collisions. Impally the watched for the collision. Duality the monit what no ram. The turnet struck the bridge and was knocked to plees, and the disabled eraft went jolting harmlessly down the Congarco, The sensation was over and the crowd

During the entire afternoon the hacks were very busy conveying sight-soors to the Canal bank. The second nouse, contalling some pumping machinery, was reached later in the day, and was lodged beddly against some sunken trees in the stream. A third stream the last on stream. A third structure, the last on the island, was this evening partly protected by a concrete reservoir, but will Dropuply Manthore ha mostling with the rest of the Island. The destruction of the water-works is a great blow in the city. They cannot be replaced for \$10,000, and besides the valuable and conventent site they occupied is being obliterated. The old water-works, upon which Columble must now roly, cannot furalsh more than a third of the water now constimed in the city, and here we are at the beginning of the heated term with a water famino in prospect.

The status of the Canal is this: There are five crovasses, one at the upper torminus of the earthwork, another oppoalto Comotory IIIII, the water-works crevasse, a fourth at the great waste welr, and the lest opposite the Pontontlary wall at a point where the old water wheel used to be. They are constantly widening, and none scom to be less than a hundred feet wide, The newer earthwork on the inner side of the river wall is washing out very fast. The riprapen the river front is holding out, but as far down as the waste welr there is no telling what will be left besides those rocks.

The city bridge across the Canal at the water-works is gone. It east about five hundred dollars. The bridge over the Canal opposite the Penitontiary has also been washed away. The preliminary rock work for the river wall, extending about two hundred yards above Comotory IIII, is eafo and solid. Its prosonce Ing \$660 Lee, who accompanied the Reporter along the Canal, estimated at 2 o'cicek that the damage to the Canal was equivalent to shout hive thousan I delhere, enorthirds of schiell swar repre-

COMPANA		OBSHEATASION
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CMARLECTON, B. U., May 21, 1886, Pally means of local observations, (7 May B P. M., 11 P. M., 75th meridian times)

Hean dew point was a second of the person of

Meteorological record for the week anding Metrorological record for the week ending Thursday, May 20, 1830; Mean daily barrometer, 10.025; highest barrometer, 10.231; lowest harometer, 20, 830; range of barrometer, 3182; mean daily thermometer, 75; highest thermometer, 11; lowest thermometer, 16; range of thermometer, 29; average percentage of relative humidity, 73; amount of sainfall (inches and hundredhaof inches). .18; number of days on which rain fell, I. THERMOMETRIO RECORD.

For the twenty-four hours ending May 21,

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Carrier and		****	.00

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when the mean of the whole is made up and published as given hells. Min. Ten. Rainfall. Wilmington and the Wilmington and the control of the Charleston 81 31. Augusta, 94 Ravannuli, 85 เม่ารั .02 1111

Allania R2 Monigoinery R0 äö, New Otleans, 41 Иť ing. 1111 .05 . 13 Memphila 63

витли ппидапкоз плт

Corrowers May 91 The height of the sugarne Selver at Columbia at 4 80 malonk to day was ill feet above how water, and ill feet to inches higher than at the same time was tendar, and rising now slowly. Meatly at a stund since I o'clonk,

THE HAVARAGE HITTER

Auditoria, Wan May 91.—The height of the Baymonth litter at Augusta, at 1.88 r. M. u-dar, (Augusta local time) was 12 5 feet, there being a rise of 8.8 feet during the preceding livenly-four hours.

ANYIR ARWATA'S HITP MOUNT HOLLY, N. U. MAY 'Il-The height of the Camwha Hiver at Mount Holly, Rt II P. M. to-day. Toth maridian time,) was 7 feet, there being a fall of 2 feet during the preceding twenty-four heaty.

18801	6 A 24	10 10) 't	1 X	r sh	P M	E H H
May 21., 1884	72	7 d	.70	! - मा	83	81	-78
					~ +		-4-

Attachment 1–Columbia Register, May 22, 1886

Cemetery Hill, were fined with vehicles Clark Waring Mill Lives Walker her pt-every desortation and with men, we'l even and children gazing on the awful deene.

-In-the-vicinity of the bridge and along the banks of the old-eanal below the freshet is the enforced isliences which it bridge, large numbers of negroes had gathered, and as the drift wood came down the stream and neared the lmaks sufficiently to be reached by long poles, reached out to drag them ashore. The numerous groups engaged in an animated yet good humored struggle for the capture of the coveted flotsam. Their industry was amply awarded, as during the day many cords of wood were gathered on the banks of the river and at the large supply of pure water is essential to bridge.

The water rushed under the bridge about five feet from the floor with a force and velocity which was frightful to behold from a distance, and at first only the most venturesome would risk-themselves on the structure, but later in the day, when it was found that the superstructure was in do danger, hundreds of ladies and children walked over the bridge to obtain a full realization of the force and volume of the flood.

Looking down the river from the middle of the bridge a sea of water could be seen spreading out over the lowlands bedow the city miles in extent, sweeping over a vast acreage which only yesterday was green with the promise of an abuudant harvest.

During all this time the crowd of spectators on the hill to the North of the Penitentiary overlooking the river has been-continually-augmenting, and thither the curious reporter directed his steps."

Reaching the hilltop where the crowd are gathered, what a scene is presented! The bridge which crossed the caust at the water works has been swept-awayduring the night, leaving two spans intact, projecting like a pier from the East bank of the canal. In front of this the angry waters, which have overleaped the check dam at the head of the canal, like a maddened beast, have dashed against the outer bank of the canal, broken it through about two hundred yards above the water works, and is rushing again to join the waters of the river outside.

A brick time suffices for this flood to sweep awny the loose earth which has been banked on this rocky foundation and leave it have for more than a hundred-yards. - Then through this breach begins the combined assault of the waters of the river and the canal upon the natural island, upon which the water works are creeted, and the artificial embankment which formed a part of the canal bank and connected it with the rock work over which the waters are now aurging.

The Water Works, which are between this bank and the river, consist of a | Yesterday, on the arrival of the morubuilding on the North covering the ending train from Charleston, Two gentled

greatly damaged___

The loss of crops to the Penitentiar? are estimated at not less than \$10,000.

One of the gravest results of the imposes on so large a number of the convicts who have been employed outside the walls of the Penitentiary.

Another serious result is the loss which will be entailed upon the proprietor of the hosiery factory by the cutting off of the fresh water supply at this time. Major Moulton just returned yesterday from the North with orders for large lots of hosiery to be furnished at once A the coloring of these goods; and the cutting off of this essential-will-virtually shut down the factory and entail heavy loss on him.

The river last night was reported falling, but there was rain during the night. and the volume of water may not be materially diminished for a day or two.

To the Elitor of the Daily Register: · I have just returned from the river, 74 P. M., and my opinion is that matters there are not as disastrous as they seem. The small house built over the engine which forced water from the river is gone, It is true, but it was a mere shell to temporarily protect the engine from the weather. It was the intention to remove both the house and engine upon the completion of the canal. The engine being uninjured, the work of ralsing the water will commence as soon as the overflow of the river subsides, which is con-Adentify expected by to-morrow night By the marks on the trees, we have the sure indication that the waters are receding. In the interim we have the old Water Works, which will supply the: reservoir from the Park springs,

The canal is very slightly injured, except at the uncompleted end in the vicinity of Cemetery, which can easily be repaired; the washings of loose dirt from the inner walls will be replaced by the soft deposit which will be found on bottom of canal as soon as the water empties

, I regard the filling of the canal by the river as a providential illustration of what it will be when completed.

st no fone bo discouraged—the sun will shine again to morrow.

·----Respectfully -yours,---Alderman Ward 2

A BEWARKABLE FEAT.

A Bick Man Steps from the Parlor Window of the Grand Central to the Pavement Below Without Injury.

ings dancing and whirting down the current or being momentarily account by the blockeds of debris which formed about a more of the piers, formed a mirrange contrast to the bright sunshine everhead and the protty dresses of the ladies who, undismayed by the squeeus katurnalis, looked from the bridge upon the rure spectacle.

speciacie.

The river at noon had risen two inches since 10 A. M. Opinions differ as to whother this flood is greater than the famous one of 1852. The bridge is build upon plars superimposed upon the piers of the bridge of that year. It is five or six feet higher than the old structure, which was submerged in that year. Old observers say that the river is three fest lower than it was then, but other experienced judges dissent, and it does not seem probable that the dist statement is correct, as the water was at noon within five feet of the flooring of the bridge. All agree that it is higher than it was during the noted freshet of beis.

The Canal was full of water, and leav-

The Canal was full of wa'er, and leaving the bridge still supreme above the flood, a visit was made along the bank to the Penitentiary and the upper works of the Canal,

Superintendent Lipscomb of the Ponitentiary was in great distress about the ravages of the freshet. He considered the leases great, but could not estimate what the damages to the Canal would be.

At 10 o'clock last night the protecting embankment at the upper end of the Canal had broken, and from an empty reactively that great ditch was suddenly transformed into a furious river. The outer bank, in anticipation of freshet, had been securely the rapped except where there was an old and naturally solld bank.

The water at noon filled the Canal to a depth six feet greater than the "working level" which would be used if it were complete and in operation. By sides, the current in the channel was infinitely more rapid than it would be under any circumstances were the Canal fluished. Well, the flood having entered the Canal raged through it and played havoc with the inner bank. By an unfortunate circumstance the most valuable section of the river wall just above the city water-works received in sièreest attack of the current.

On the river at this point the obstruction made by the remnant of the dam of the old Geiger mill—pulled down to make clear the path of the Canal—turned the river current against the Canal bank, and at the same time some huge boutders of granite, attil remaining in the Canal bed, turned the Canal current against the same section. Now, this section was readly an island which had been adopted as the river wall of the Canal. It had a group of tall pine trees upon it and was the site of the new water-works. It had braved all former freshets and made a high enbankment, three three as bread at the top as the Charleston Battery. But not being rip-rapped, and being infringed-upon by two previous streams, it soon—began to melt away.

At 9.30 this morning the first breach was made and the waters of the river and Canal met. The boulders in the Canal still turned the current upon the lower section whereon the water-works were located, and gradually the bank was enten away, the red clay dropping in hugo masses into the belling water as the island was undermined. When the representative of The News And Counter reached the spot shortly after noon, the break in the Canal bank was a hundred feet wide and the island was melting up like loaf sugar in a bubbling tea cup.

By hoon dozens of hacks and buggles had concentrated upon the Golzerinth had concentrated upon the Golzerinth had one or two hundred people were watching hat apply disintegration. Mossra, Housing and Boucher, photographers, had a camera on the hill and took several good

lterorur along the Canal, estimated at 2 o'clock that the damage to the Canal was equivalent to about 10 thousand deline, two-thirds of which was represented by labor, as the washing was of earthwork, not more than 10 per cent, by cash,

But the loss must be much greater than that now. It cannot well be estimated accurately until the waters subside. The banks of the Canal were side. The banks of the Canal were refered everywhere, except at the upper terminus, to a height five feet greater than the highest water mark previously known, and the attitude has proved to be sample. They were so massive that it seemed to many a waste of labor so to make them. The disaster to the Canal resulted simply from the absence of a sufficiently high temperary dam at the upper terminus. During the latter part of the day the river has seemed to be stationary, and as the Congarco and frond liver bridges are still several sect above the flood they will doubtless withstand it. Other disasters may be in store for the Penitentlary.

A hundred convicts are at the Soogers

A hundred convicts are at the Seegers place in the lowlands below the city and leave are at the Aughtry place in the same section. These plantations are being operated by the Penticutiary. They were reported to day to be water-bound, and Superintendent Lipscomb was organizing a boating expellition to sacertain their condition. This evening two guards arrived from those farms and reported that they thought the convicts were safe, but that the inundation was great. They could not tell what the istance of the crops would be. It is certain that there will be great loss in the cotton and corn fields.

The Walker brick yard, above the Penisoniary, and operated by that institution, was abandoned last night and is overflowed, involving a loss to the institution of 300,000 bricks. The Penisoniary tract, in Lexington County, is inundated. Two hundred cords of wood have been carried away, and the crops of east and corn are rulned. It is impossible to estimate the extent of the losses of the planters and farmers in the Congasice bottoms below the city. Great numbers of the cattle and hogs have been drowned and many fields have been washed out. Dead animals have been floating down the Congases all day. The negroes on various plantations have had to seek refuge on the roofs of their bouses.

Accurate details are lacking. All in all, the flood has been as disastrous to this section as any which over preceded it and the reports of losses will grow as communication with isolated points is resumed.

The railroad situation is unchanged. On account of the various washouts along the line no trains will leave Columbia for Greenville ever the Columbia and Greenville Italiroad for at least five days. Passengers for Greenville must lake the Charlotte, Columbia and Augusta Railroad to Charlotte and go thence to Greenville by the Air Line. This route is expected to be open tomorrow.

It is raining again to night, but not hard.

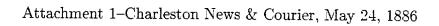
N. G. G.
Families Driven from their Homes by

the Pee-Dec.

Greetal Disputch to The News and Courter, Chunaw, May 21.—The Fee-Doo River stands 35 feet 9 inches above low water and 18 rising one inch per hour. The damage is estimated by some at over one hundred thousand dollars. Families for miles below here have had to leave their dwellings and take- to the dams along the river bank.

A Later Reporti

Churchy, May 21.—The Pea-Dea River now stands at thirty-fix feet ten tuches, and is supposed to have common at faince. It is certainly at a standard Parties who have been four to the infles



FIBS ABOUT THE FLOOD.

THE CHERRY OF PREPAREDATOR AT , WORK IN COLUMBIA.

Signific of Great Damage Bot Affoat, which, upon Investigation, are Found to be Greenly Exaggerated-The Congares and Bread Rivers Rapidly Sale-

aiding.
The News and Courier Bureau,
103 Main St., Columna, May 23.

The Kink of Liars has been reauting around Columbia during these last few freshet days, setting alloat a defly conactructed fable every few hours and redicting in the opportunity which had been afforded him for the display of his peen shorded him for the display of his powers. Who this supreme har is cannot be sacertained, but his best work scens to have been done in the interest of the livery stablemen. The damage done by the flood was always reported to be great, and always at a distant point. So provided and falledone means the second sec to be great, and always attachment point. So provalent and fallacious were the reports of disasters to bridges, itc., that nothing but personal observation could be depended on by the news gatherers. If the newspapers told such yarns as

If the newspapers told such yarms as were innocently circulated by proper citizens there would be an agentzed howl from every quarter against "the lying of the press." Luckily the newspapers have been more careful of their amounteements than the public.

The last and biggest fiction of the flood was set affect this morning, and twidelalls were nicely and attractively elaborated. It became known in the city that the Bread River bridge had collapsed; one of the plers had been undernined, the bridge was broken and was being washed away in sections. The report came from so many quarters that report came from so many quarters that a representative of This News And Country drays out three miles to the bridge to see the wreek float down atream and collide with the Congaron

bridge

15-241,

••••

But there was no such sensation. The But there was no such sensation. The bridge is perfectly safe. The water at its highest was within five feet of the fiscility, but it has now fallen fully fifteen feet. One corner of the granite pier on the Richland side of the bridge was crumbled by the force of the water or the battering of the driftweet, and several large blocks had fallen out it. The work of repair will not cost a hindred dollars. A number of vehicles paying over the bridge this morning, but for predictual reasons none others will be allowed to cross for a day or prowill be allowed to cross for a day or tro. until the pier can be bravel. The rivers are rapidly failing here, and no further damage can be done to this bridge or any other near Columbia. N. o. o.

THE FLOOD OND THE MAILS.

Herr The News and Courier Reaches its Readers Regularly Despite Berloue Obstacles.

Owing to the extensive washout on the South Carolina Rallway Just above Fort Motio it has been impossible for the past two days to deliver the mail by that road direct to Columbia. On Saturday moraing the Columbia train was stopped at Kingville by the uniale condition of the track near that place, and all mail for Columbia was returned to Charleston. The impossibility of communication by passenger train with the Capital made the rundles of the regular mall and passenger train on the Columbia disvision of the read entirely uncless, and that particolar schedule was abandoned. Thus yielded or dehard circumstances, which have deprived the readers of The mission News of the causal bunday morality visit of that paper. It was a desperate case and meetal the request of The Name and Columbia, dr. J. H. Averill, master of transportation of the request of The Name and Columbia, dr. J. H. Averill, master of transportation of the Cuch Carolina Rallway Company, control Cuch Carolina Rallway Company, control Cuch Carolina Mallaway Company, control Carolina Mallaway Company, company, company, control Carolina Mallaway Company, company, company, control Carolina Mallaway Company, control Carolina Mal rect to Colombia. On Saturday morning the

Iributed.
In accordance with the arrangements an made, a special messager from intendice left Crarleston at 635 o'clock yesterday morning on the America train, in charge of The Spanish News mail for all points between Crarleston and Fort Motte. The America train arrived at Erangeritle on the action and the form the America train arrived at Erangeritle on the second train and the form the Angusta train to promite Angusta train to the contract of the mail was promptly made from the Angusta train to be expected to the contract of the contr

fown as is usual during the periods when the river ovarious its banks, and the river ovarious its banks, the periods when the river ovarious its period by some that yesterday's rains will cause another that, All the compe are now rulined, so the farmers have no fear of another rise, as it could not possibly do them any harm.

rise, as it could not possibly do them any rise, as it could not possibly do them any harm.

The Charlotte, Columbia and Angnatatrain, due here yesterday morning at 10 o'clock, has not yet arrived on account of the treatle over the Congarce at Columbia having been washed away by the high waters. A number of other small treaties along the med were washed away, but have been repaired. It is thought the passengers will be transferred, and trains will commence running regularly to-day.

Birte like receding of the waters of the Harannah, the Augusta and Kuoxylite trains have been running regularly.

One of the abutments on the south side of the Port Royal and Augusta Haltroad gave way, caused by the pressure of this high waters, and prevented the running of trains on Friday and part of yesterday. It has been now repaired, and trains are running on regular achedule time.

There have been a number of washouts on the Greenwood, Laurens and Haartanburg Haltroad, and the running of trains in the Greenwood, and trains will be runnorth of Greenwood, on this line, for some days.

THE DEPARTATING WATERS.

Terrible Desiruction by the Flood in the Hwamps of the Congeree.

(Correspondence of The News and Onurier.) FASTOURE, May 22 .- The distress provailing in this section of country at present is overwhelmirg. The waters have rushed down Than uklike angry faries, destroying everything in their way. The whole awamps are submerged, and houses in them seven fost above the ground are waist-deep to mater.

Rubmerged, and houses in them goven feet above the ground are waist-deep in water, and can be paddled all over in boats. Whole families are driven from their homes at fearful lorses, Mr. P. H. Dyner resource according for help so long they were fedge on the rafters of their houses, and had been calling for help so long they were almost exhausted.

The loss of shock is fearful. Mr. Joseph Hairs lost about thirty head of cattle, Mr. W. P. Halling about waventy-five, Mr. P. H. Johner several grade Jersey cows and thirty head of heigh. Mr. Ham, Dwight a fine young house, and Mrsars. Westen, Dwight a fine young house, and Mrsars. Westen, Dwight, Hrulin and John Williams have lost heavily. In fact, few flave excuped who had stock in their swains. The cattle and other shock are no completely demoralized, rushing here and there and being almost unconstraintiable, or many more could be saved than are free many more could be aveed than are free many more could be aveed the markety. Yowle of all description, cale and dogs, have all taken refuge in the house-tops, from butter presal by. On one side is the pittle first presal by. On one side is the pittle ingel for here of hereas helings on the other the mours follow in of cattle and the equal ingel for here of hereas he length in the other the mours follow in of cattle and the equal ingel for here of hereas helings on the other the mours follow in of cattle and the equal ingel for here of hereas he large, on the other the mours follow in a further and there are not the mours followed.

the mourifiction of of cattle and the squeating of longs.

The water is still risin, and there are no hopes of saids of the heavens are nerfectly black with featful booking counts threatening to break on its every moment. If it does it will busishevery hope of saving any moreaties, as it will then cores what few kindle the cattle are now on. It is also a great loss to the farmers, as those which that not already meanted in the avamps had those for the farmers, as those which that not already meanted in the avamps had those grounds prepared for immediate planting, much they will be thrown sofar behind by the waters that many will have to abandon their awards copps altogether.

ANUTHER RAID ON THE TREASURY.

The bennie Military Committee Demands the Eignalization of War Bountles.

Washtsoner, May 15.—No fower than eight fills were introduced during the first month of the present session of the present session of the present session of the present session of the first ress to equal to the bountles of solutions. dieta, and marines who served during the late wer for the Union. Perthe still the wife were for the control of July 18, been, which gave \$160 achieves the actional bounty to the three years' men and \$20 to the two years' men, may tring the number of bounty equalization bittle no to a decenter turn. At all tion blils up to a dozen or more. At all events, in spite of the fact that the Act

events, in spite of the fact that the Actof hear, with his two extensions, hardleready cost the country \$70,000,000, we now find the Senate military committee reporting the equalibration bill to tien. Lagan and orging its enactment.

What would this legislation cost? ten, lagan a darran years ago thought it would east years like but now he contents binase? with saying in the contents binase? with saying in the contents binase? with saying in the model of the contents because with saying the the contents because with the sum can
not be large. The President Vilson, whose east type on the bill of Marce. whose result which some the bill of March

Attachment 1–Columbia Register, May 25, 1886

back on the opinion offered in Till Register on Saturday that the damage to the canal and Water Works would be found in the end to have been remarks. bly light.

THE THE WINDS MA SEE DO LESSON TO NA

After the Delugo.

Accounts continue to come in from the country below Columbia, showing that the effect of the flood on crops, stock, bridges and highways has been very disastrous. All the bridges on the Bluff road—more than twenty—of all sizes, have been carried off-or damaged to a greater or less extent. The bridge over Gill's Creek, which had been but recently Tennired by the Commissioners, was lifted from the benches which supported ! it and carried about twenty feet away. It will, however, be restored at once, and the Commissioners give notice to day that it will be open for travel on Thursday.

The Bannister Bridge, over-Cedar Creek, on the same road, seventeen miles from Columbia, has been entirely demolished. It is a large bridge, over forty feet long, and its loss will be a serious,inconvenience to the farmers of on the road being amall, have been promptly repaired or replaced by the Commissioners.

A telegram received by Captain W: D. Starling vesterday from his manager reports the loss of "all "his cattle," about one bundred head, many of them thoroughbred and grade Jerseys, one fine mare and two colts. The water was zereral feet over the "Mount," the highest point on the plantation, which has never been covered before, and was at least three feet higher than the greatest freshet of 1852,

Mesara, John Williams, John James, [Joe Bates, Paul Joyner and most of the] other planters of the Fork low-lands, from Eastover to Gadsden, lost heavily in stock. As, to the crops, everything has been submerged, and the satire cotton crop is regarded as lost as well as thein stocks of seed corn and cotton, forage, &c.

On Messrs, Seegera's and Aughtry's plantations, which are worked with convicts by the Penitentiary, the work so expreded on the crops has been lost, and comparatively little cotton will be made, but ample time remains to make a corn crop, which will be more productive as a result of the overflow. All the stock on these places was saved.

THE-COLLEGE-BOCIETIES.

Annual Contests in Declamation-Medali Awarded.

As Inspection by the Anthorities Probable Demage-Plans for Regarding the Canal and Maintaining the Water Sup-

Yesterday morning Mayor Rivett and Superiorendent Lipscomb, accompanied by Major Lee, Eagineer of the Canal-Superintendent Alexander of the Water Works, and several expert civil said mechanical engineers, devoted several bours to a careful exemination of the canal and water works as the flood had left them.

- The river during Saturday and Sunday had receded within its tanks simost in its contral condition, and the water had estirely left the canal, only a small thread rusping from the head of the Callai where it seeped inrough the check dam, and finding its exit at the river through the breach made in the work just to the North of the water works.

The engine, boiler, pumps and other appliances of the Water Works were that neighborhood. All the other bridges found embedded in the send, which had washed over them nearly in their original position, and, as ,far as could be ascertained, they sustained but sight damage. A force of convicts will be put to work to-day to get out the machinery." and it will be transferred to the other bank of the canal and set to work at once in raising water from the river as beretofore....It is estimated that it will take a couple of weeks to effect this change, and it is in contemplation to procure a more powerful pump and machinery with a capacity of 1,600,000 gallons per day, to be used in connection with the present machinery for the for ture permanent supply of the city.

A careful examination was made of the canal, and the engineer will at once procred to make up his estimates of the dansage and the amounts necessary to effect the repairs, and report to the Directors of the Pepitentiary at their meeting which takes place to about two weeks. It is not likely that the cost of repair will exceed the rough calculation made a day or two since \$5,000 - which includes the convict labor siready provided by law to be used.

On the whole we see no reason to go lack on the opinion offered in THE REGISTER on Saturday that the damage to the canal and Water Works would be found in the end to have been remarksbly light_

After the Deluge.

Accounts continue to car in the

Attachment 1–Charleston News & Courier, September 9, 1888

Editor, and the territory

THE RAGING BIVERS.

A sad Biory of thon I and Devastations

The Pattern aby Front and as perious as , at First supposed, but the Outlinet mak Lucouragion.

Contraga, september 8. Special a Tria vain felt frequently to day in Columbia. The Congrues began falling last might after the congrues began falling last might after the congruence began beautiful to the contract of the c The Congreeo begon taking last mg it after-reneling a maximum height of the feet, and in a do'clock this evening measured only 124 feet. Some thirty miles above Colum-lon the Saluda was folling slowly: this afternoon, and the Bread, a little further afternoon, was subsiding rapidly. This in spite of the fact that the rafus continue in the m-country

spite of the fact that the rather continue in the up-country.

Apparently but little damage has been done by the freshet above Colombia. In the Congarce bottoms below the city the injury to crops has been great, but the restorts received to day indicate that I have toot been as general as was believed yesterably. It will be impossible until the vatershulf have left the fields to ascertain with precision the extent of the damage. The legisly flood, lawwer, can be but a tithir. of the injuries sustained by the crops at over the State from the continued wet

weather. The following report of the South Carothin wenther service for the week in his to day makes this manifest;

The rainfull for the puck week in this mather, middle and mather completely be a alove the average, the temperature for the same period a little below the average, singstille are try little amount. The rivers they rainful the state are rising. Crops on the culture with a property of seglous less on the unlarged with a property of seglous less on the unlarged through the continued rates. Crops are successfully the continued rates.

THESE PROPERTY PROPERTY.

tremely damaged.

Winnshore, Farified -Cutton crop much fusfured by excessive rains, and cloudy we other.
Cutton bulls fotting; had a Talarth of 947
me has his five days.

Month cib., Pairideld - Daffy and heavy rains
envelope loss of nearly all the cutton blooms;
telle rotting.

enting loss of nearly all the cutton blooms;
telle rotting.

enting has alamaged from to a grout axtens; viast
developing repidily on the open costing.

Cherow, Chesterfield fealm of protosis dive
danaged the rotting very sections; relays of
the river affected fealm of protosis, cition
builts disting the victorian series; cutton
builts distinged, rotting in the bulls, repeal
[138 Inches in several cys.

Window, Albert toution of \$1.5.2 stonels;
to point distinguity resulted fixed backs, relative
toution is discountly all the crops in river
toution are under water.

Hampton C. H., Hampton -Cutton spraiping
in bulls; the heavisium rotts in network axis army
be expected, most heaving been well up with
pirking. Rottinglation cotton rotting hells;
con and tampended swith. Rainfall average
one has perfect.

Coronars, Abbeyllo Increasal relational aberical absorption, rainfag rotton to thensy art
bloom and young first. Early cotton segtode ay injured by both rast mal fals. 8, 4, 6, 6. The Swollen Savannah-The Danings Not

os Serious as at Plest Supposed.

At GUERA, Suptember 8. Special: The swollen tiver reached its highest point at nour lo day at man, when it registers (2) feet 5 inches, and it is now slowly receiling. the foliables, and it is now slowly receifing.—The loss in the lowlands has not been as severe ment first supposed, or usin previous venus, on account of a dam built by the county authorities after last August's flood. The dam is built along the area of backwater, the city and along the area of backwater, thus protecting an himmense track of low-lands by a dam only a few feet high. Of course this is protection only against the smaller fresheld, but as these are most frequent the furmers that salvation and freequent the farmers find salvation and free-dom from serious loss in the long and low dum constructed by the order of Judge Eve last year.

Travel to the Mountains,

GLUI SYHLE, September S.-Special: The trains on the Columbia and Greenville The trains on the Common and Greatytic nationals came through this afternoon on time for the first time in two days. An electrication in the shape of washings by tween Newberry and Chappel's was gotten got of the way and direct communication. As the Common rework.

The Wateree Substitute.

Attachment 1–Charleston News & Courier, September 10, 1888

THE DELUGE IN THE STATE.

LATEST NEWS FROM THE OFER-FLOWING RIVERS.

Temporary Subsidence of the Congares-The Rains in the Up-Country Expected to Produce Another Flood-Washing the Mud from the Corn and Cotton.

Mad from the Corn and Cotton.

Concurna, September 0, Special: A few minutes of deceptive anishing to day broke the parsistent monotony of rain, but this afternoon and to-night the weather conditions remain as they have been for the last fortnight. The prospect is dismalland depressing. The Congreea at Coclock this evening had fallen five and hair feet since the same hour yesterday and strain at ten feet; but if the rain continues in the up-country, as seems probable, it must rise again. If there are no further freshets to-day's rains will prove beneficial, since it has the effect of washing from the corn and cotton staks the mid-with which the field overleaded them.

N. G. G. N. G. G. . fleed overleaded them.".

A RAY OF BUNSHING AT GAMDEN

Some Hoper of a Break in the Weather-Damaging Delay in Ficking Cotton.

CAMDEN, September 8.—Special: The river has been falling alowly. The gauge late this evening showed 218-10 feet of water. For the second time in ten days the sun came out for a while, and there is some evidence of a permanent break in the cleuds.

On account of the wet weather there has Leen great delay in the picking of cotton, and it is now feared that a great deal will not be worth picking.

THE LOSS TO THE CROPS.

Cotton Badly Damaged in Sumter by the Replembar Fresheis.

SATM, Festember 8 .- Special: For one week non it has been raising every day, and wone days from reftern to eighteen hours at a time. days from refern to eighteen hours at a time. Cryim picking lead a stand-still, though in this is modate viriality it had not opened enough to warrant picking, and consequently very little ladar aged by the rain hero. But a few rites above and below hero fully one-half of the cotton leapen, and the crop is very short, not not if fan one-half of an average. Around lear it raiges from two-thirds to three-four the of in average roup.

The round roup is short generally, and very few for one still be fortunate enough to inche enough to day another season.

The round lave bein high the peak and point of the group, then powethe bringspect for those conserts.

even, there is no the prospect for those error to fre, and I this V larger crops of them will be peaked an for reverse March.

Too Much Rain in Marlboro-A Washout on the Cape Fear Road.

on the Cape Fear Road.

Preserves tries, September 28.—Sports
The travest rates have failed throughout the
county within the last two or three days that
of the bridge throughout the county meawaster the bridge throughout the county meawaster the bridge throughout the county meawaster the bridge throughout the county meater manufacture throughout the county.
There is a large washout on the Cape Feyer
and bridge they beginned, about to miles
them here, which presented the leaving of and
trains from this point to days. As other trach
was telegraph of it and it came drawn eas for
pothe washout. The null and presences
will be transferred at that point until repairs
are completed.

Cotton Sprenting in the Field

Cotton Spronting in the Field.

Cation Spronting in the Freil.

Casters, September 7.—Special: We have led a great deal of rain lately. It is feated that so ne of the cotton will rot and aprove to the bull. Several washout a setterally between Lancaster and Rock Hitt caused broughfailes in the rot mag of trains, but everything will be all right needs. The weather is control, and it it oped that the rains will stop.

Tarm Work in York Helayed by the Rains.

Yor Kville, September 0. -Specialt A con-siderable amount of rain has failed in this secspecials e amount of fain has failed in this section during the past week, and as a consequence the galgering of folder has been retained, and it is probable that the folder will be damaged to some extent. Cotton ploking has not yet been a correl, but that which is ready to sather has been damaged.

Disastrous Rains in Oconec,

Stort disentender T.-Rosedali Aftereight expect taken receive down-pour began early restelded north grand continued till not it in diffe. As a result the various streams rose in milital feet or two of the highest point of the black facilities for the continues. It is uncertain

Attachment 1–Charleston News & Courier, September 11, 1888

take analytic and transport and resolver as well defect while almost a walk over in the latet, but the probabilities have changed very much recently. Colling an house, bestellings of ten Bratton's strongs. here, and appears to have a majority of the business in and Columbia on he sade, and his viers to Righland and his specified his viege to Richland and his specifical tree laye won him many fronds, need it a a common remark that he is guido, strength here every day. The result in this county, therefore, is really in decide after high Col Perry's strength with a land to exercise. Wheever is non-include the district will have a representative in Congress where is some troute ally my become! pointrially and personally

A DESTRUCTION DISTRICT

The foundation for the building of the Licettle Company has been labl, and the enquisting are is being erected. Three and a half miles of wire, and all thu poles required, have been longer, and all of the trackit cry has been object. The works will be up full operation within a mouth. Their hotial capacity will be slavy are lights. The city has contracted for familiary in the city has contracted for familiary in the city in the teen to be used on Maln and West Gervale MITTELL

The Fouth Carolina Reliway has also contracted for fourteen lights, and the Charlotte, Colombia and Augusta Rull tood and the Pentlentlery will probably take six each. The First Presbyterlay Church has applied for the light for that clottee. A very small demand by his dieself uses will suffer to give the works att they can do, and their enlargement will probably follow in a few months.

THE RAISS IS NEWHEBRY.

Col Thomas W. Holloway of Bonoria, Sewberry County, writes to the Bureau ne follows to day:

ns follows today.

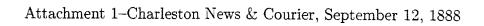
"Reballs a rale ing beroulous continuously and the 27th ult, and yearners, particularly at tight and after initializabilit, the rate was even notices as the following following the total number of used and the following the total little from the strong which from the notice of the following the following

THE FROOD IN THE COOK YES

Vistorday's hopes of the seil adenes of the ficed in the Congress have not-more tentred. If will be remembered that at disk on Utiliay the height of the river was ones on the laythe height of the river was to feet, and that it fell next evening to the feet and yesterday at 6 P. M. to 10 feet. The heavy rains of yesterday met his, hight to the up country started it on another boom and it rose raphily today. At 6 o'clock this evening. The News and Charles and the layth and the reserved. At 6 o'clock this evening. The News add. Cobrier's special observer representative of the height at 162 feet. A representative of the Internal went down to the Garvais straight hedge of 9.50 to night for the purpose of taking at final observation. The river was found to the exactly 22 feet high and rising at the rate of eight inches an hour. It will pighably continue to rise until after inclinate. The Saluda is much more swollen than the Broad and continue to all the first documents and food, but they with dis-Broad and empties a flood, laden with dobris into the Congaree. Quantities of melons and pumpkins are going down stream, and the Reporter saw the dead body of a cow or horse whirl under the bridge.

High as the river is, it lacks ten feet of its height during the famous freshet of of May, 1985, when the city water works were washed away. There is no present likelihood of its renoling that height neals. The night is calm and occasional mineses of the moon are had.

A drizzling rain fell all last night and early this morning. When it coised a high wind began, and the viglence of the gusts showed that Columbia was experiencing a touch of the gale off the coast. The wind was beneficial, as it was not strong enough to blow down the water-sonked notion and corn, but sufficiently brisk to relieve them of much of the moisture with which they have so long been saturated. In the after poor there was a catage The cloudy weather



Fragmer-damage has been done to the and will probably not do so for yeeks to cente. The damage to the Charlotte Road can only be guessed at, as there are arresports from Augusta, but it must be great. The fate of the South Parolina Railway budge at Engyttle Is in doubts. The St. builde at Kingville is in double. The Siliala at the maximum point of the flood to-day was I feed 8 inches higher than the Bread. The strain on the pleas on the Siliala side of the Congaree was terrific. The swellen waters of the Saluda were projected far over the Congaree to the Bread River bank, and loaded the stream with debris. A huga uproofed tree presses against one of the pleas of the Bread River baidge, which was considered in momentary truit, but the flood was arrested inst my first, but the flood was arrested just in time to save it.

TREE DANGER OVER.

At 4 to the Congaree had fallen an ligh and to night it is stationary. Before morning it is expected to subside. The following account will give an idea of the situation before these later accounts were node: At 12:30 the river was 33 feet and slowly rising. In May, 1866, the highest was 34 feet dinches. The sills supporting the flower of the Colombia believage beauty. the floor of the Columbia bridge are barely the floor of the Columbia bridge are larely one foot from the water and constant vigilance is necessary to prevent the lodgement of drift. The giving away of Broad River bridge would certainty involve this floor structure in tuin. The water in the Columbia Canal is on a level with the river criment, the banks being antonerged at the point where the city water-works were destroyed in 1886. There is also a commandation between the Broad River and the cation between the Broad River and the Car al at the point where the Columbia, Newterry and Laurens Railroad brylgo

At this hour, 12.30 o'clock; a large force of bands with sand bags are at work, under Engineer Ellis, trying to prevent a serious break. The gates of the bridge ato serious oreas. The gates of the bridge atto-hept closed, and only a few of the hun-dreds of eight-severs and one vehicle at a time are permitted to go upon it. The bridge of the Churlotte, Columbia and Augusta Raitrond over the Congarce, at 6 by the way turness who the augusta for the Augusta Rairond over the Congaree, at 6 P. M., was impassable, the approach to the bridge on the trestle having been foregod by the current four feet from fix normal feet tion, and the track on the bridge itself learns three faches out of line. Until the value subsides there will be an assumed. water subsides there will be no communi-cation by the Charlotte, Columbia and Augusta Rulroad to Augusta. S. C. C.

THE WATEREE IS WILD.

Within a Fracilon of the Highest Water ever Enown is Recorded by the flange at Camden-

CAMDEN, September 11.—Special: The Wateree River on the night of the 9th went down to 21 7-10 feet, and began to rise and hasbeen rising slowly ever since. At 1.30 P. M. to-day the gauge marked 30 2-10 feet; at 5 P. M., 30 3-10 and still rising slowly at about 1 inch an hour. The highest freshet we have ever had was in May, 1886, when it rose to 31 2-10. 1886, when it rose to 31 2-10.

es to Totaler it impossible to frame So far no bringes have been reported as injured, but as soon as 'possible they will all be thoroughly inspected to prevent the singlified possibility of a relient Near the Oceaner about forty feel of treate work was comical away and recorded. Work was carried away and several more feet severely strained. At present transme being run re ularly from Sasamah to Millen, a distance of secenty nine miles and from Gordon to Macon, a distance of twenty-two under. The intervening stretch of road is about plucky-one miles. Mechanism stretch of road is about plucky-one miles. Mechanism stretch from about the road they exthe reports from along the mad they ex-tect to run a train from Atlanta to mor-row night or Thursday morning. No tigable has been experienced on any of the branch tonds, with the exception of the signth. Carolina division, and on that mainly at Augusta. The interruption to business is proving quite serious, and the company will exert itself to push most of the accumulated freight through at once, as seen as the read is open.

THE CONGARUL CATASTROPHE.

Water Higher than Ever Before-The Rufn of the River Plantations Complete.

plete.

Coft way. September 11—Special: It is difficult to estimate with accuracy the customous loss caused by the continuous of the Congarte freshet yeslerday and to day. Never within the recollection of the oldest unbabitant has the Congarte been as high nacit was to day. In 1852 a freshet, which caused the suspension of travel on the Columbia and Greenville Reflicial for months, bore away several spens of the Congarter hidge. The hidge was rebuilt, with five feet added to its height.

The extent of the treshet to day may be

The extent of the treshet to dry may be estimated from the fact that at 3 P. M. the area and risen to a point less than 2 feel from the flooring of the bridge. It is nester to attempt a description of the liver at it appeared this evening. The Massissippi at New Disease during sin sumbition is not larger. The stretch of the flood was Thormous, and took in hundresk of yards of territory hogelefore considered site. Honees on the river lengt were up to the caves in water.

THE PURSOFTHE BIVER PLANTERS

in lover Richborl is complete. A work ogother had the most superb cop proteins and the most superb cop proteins are the conservation of the form of the state of is probably entirely under water.

IRTIN FOR THE RAMAROAD Unorman duringe her been done to the Columbia and Greenville Ruffront. Trains end tour course the constitution of the fage Attachment 1–Charleston News & Courier, September 13, 1888

husbanded, and every effort put force to the nutboride and people, for although

the disaster is great, the energy and device disaster is great, the energy and devicement of the people are greater. Greene street, the prettiest avenue in the country is torn up with deep holes, and many all the fences and many houses are undernined. A seaf feature of the doof is the washing down of the cemetery wall for everal hundred feet, the caving of manufacts, training up tombetones, and in some cases unearthing of collins.

cross unearthing of collins.

Thighties are few, and the deaths this morning, so far reported, are nine, as follows: If I. Farmer, supervisor Port Royal Roed; bridge watchman, name unknown. Williamson, factory operative; Bun Wiggins, plumber; Walter Bland, negro boy; unknown negro man; Freenen Johnson, colored; Arche Mortis, white, aged 11; Tim Cody, colored, aged 17.

Augusta had no gas or electric lights for two nights. The electric lights are on to-night, and the gas will be ready to-mor-row. All railroads are badly damaged in row. All infloads are badly departed in the city, but the greatest sufferer is the deorgia. Read, whose shops, york spud-headquarters are here. Trucks are swept up and mingled up as if they were straws, and bridges across canals are torn up. The road runs its regular schedules, however, from the outskirts, and is busy with repairs. Other reads are delayed by weekelt tretter for will be runifing that town tomorrow or next day. Schedules are operated to breaks and passengers are beated to the bridges over the river, which are solid and sale.

rolld and saie.

'The water is still in the low-place, but is rapidly sinking to the river bed. The sufering has been great, but Augusta is able to core for all. Augusta is placky and relegation, and will not early repair but. stricts and the canal, but carry the Exposition straight on to success, and be to receive and entertain all visitors in O2tober.

THE FLOODS IN THE UP-COUNTRY.

Interruption of Columbia's Railroad Communications in Almost Every Direction-The Damage to the Roads:

Columbia, September 12, 10 P. M -Spe-Collynna, September 12, 10 P. M.—Specal: This is written with-little expectation of its reaching Charlest on to-night, as the Western Union Telegraph office reports all wires down between Columbia and Charleston, Augusta and Florence, and it must be necessarily condensed. At 6 o'clock this evening the Congarce at the Gervals street bridge had fallen to 26 feet. Its highest point vesterilar was 22 feet. its highest point yesterday was 33 feet. inches. The fall to-day has been quite, rapid. The Canal is uninjured. Thirty convicts were put to work yesterday upon minus and other places threatened. These points were reinforced and all danger averted. The finishing touches were being given to the check dam this evening. The Capal loss been full of water by it is now flowing out. Of course all work at the in-

as high by eighteen inches as in 1856. The track is hadly washed and nader water at various places between here and Alston and one trestle is gone. There is a break at Helena near Newberry. The trestle over Ninety Six Creek, near Dyson's, is washed out. With these important exceptions the line is all right to Greenville and Wallotta. Wallinffa.

THE SPARTANBURG AND INTOS.

The only trouble on the Spartanberg, Union and Columbia is the washing out of an embankment just above Alston Superan initialikinent just above Alston. Super-intendent Talcott thinks that, these roads may be opened for travel by the middle or trial of next week. Trains are running from the upper terminals to Ninety-Six on the Greenville Road, and nearly to Alston on the Spatimburg Road. The Learness train can true to Newberry and nearly to Alston. All passengers from the moun-tains are could been been former will been to be a of repair will begin here, proceeding up the rigid to Alston.

Rord is unaffected by the floads on its corthern division, but the trestling near Augusta being washed away it will be rething a week before trains can enter Augusta. The bridge here over the Construction is sufficiently that the trains and transfers have to be made. It is hoped that this diptry can be repaired to night. The constitution victs on

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THE STATE DAILY

In the Congarce bottom have Incl.a hard Superintendent Lipscomb heel ome of it. Superintendent Lipscomb met several boats hurriedly made in the Peniterially Yesterial), sent in wag as to Griffin's place, Januched there and sent with supplies of Cooked Took to the Aughtry place. No working being possible, the boats returned to day, bringing some of the convicts sick with chals. Two other beats were made and dispatched to the other places but have not returned. The work of the rescuers was very perdous, as the fields were swept by a furious toroid All of the horses and mules on the State farms are safe, and queenest of them the cattleand hogs are also, but at Aughtry's about nine-tenths of the longs and have of the cattle are believed to be drowned. At Spigner's place the sheep and hogs were secured from the flood by driving them into the second story of a dwelling house.

MR JOHN C. SEEGERS

is the beaviest loser on the river. 7,600 acres on his three farms not lep acres are out of water. He had 1,700 acres each in cotton and corn, and 100 in peas, planted in the state and leading per-

chased hagging for SW briles of cotton. Is not certain that he will make to per coul. of his crop—It is suggested that the only a way of utilizing the corn is to put up a distillery and turn it into whoskey, but this has not syst been decided on, the change not being promising.

Attachment 1–The State, August 26, 1908

why the polis on Sumter street between threat street and Elmwood avenue had not been removed. Mayor Reamer said that he had already tuken this matter up and heped to have the polis removed before a great while.

On motion of Alderman DuPre the committee on city improvement was asked to make a request of the Fig.

asked to make a request of the Him-wood cemetery association that a lot be donated to the city for the burial of aims patients.

A petition from W. T. Ward for the crection of a corrugated from building on Gervals street: On motion of Alderman Earle the request was referred back to the fire competitions.

derman Earle the request was referred back to the fire committee.

Alderman DuPre's ordinance to regulate the approval and payment of certain bills against the city received third reading. This bill is designed to prevent the payment of any bills for subscription to newspapers, telephones, etc., horses, buggles, etc., for the use of officials of the city. This now becomes a law. comes a law

Alderman Bolln asked that permis-

Alderman Bolln asked that perminsion be granted for two subscriptions
to each of the city-newspapers to be
placed in the offices in the city hall.
Alderman DuPre objected.
Mayor Reamer suggested that The
State and The Record would present
a copy each of their papers to the city.
Alderman Brown thought that the
city ought to subscribe and pay for
the daily-papers.

Atterman arown thought that in-city ought to subscribe and pay for the daily papers.

Alderman Earle moved that one copy each of The State and Record be subsome of the city clerk. Chried.
Alderman Dupon heart.

Alderman DuPro Wanted Atterman Durie wanted a lay fected into the proceedings in the snape standarapnet installed in the city of resolutions which were debated.

Nothing but the most formal papers of this wind fully be commoned this matter was postponed until Janua, 1777.

where the money had gone. The contract the money had gone. The money had gone. The committee for spending money was a good deal of criticism of, the street committee for spending money and he wanted coundit to know that only the chairman had to do with approving the bills. He said he and alter to a high bough of a cottonwood, yesterday her cargo was unloaded, but the chairman had to do with approving the bills. He said he and alter the cargo was unloaded, but the chairman Brewer had had nothing to do with approving bills.

At this juncture Alderman Dupra called actantion to the fact that Gerrais street had been improved recently, between Assembly and Bumter street, by macedamising the north side of said two-blocks, including—the-bed-of the street railway. He desired to know if the street railway had paid any part of the cost of this improvement.

Mayor, Reamer said he understood the street railway company would pay its share of the cost of the improvement.

Mayor, Reamer said he understood the street railway company would pay its share of the cost of the improvement.

Mayor, Reamer said he understood the street committee, except the ones of which Mr. Gobis and Aldernam Iccensa ware chairmen, had excepted their appropriations. If the contract is a companity by short time.

Section Director Bauer says that money the of the committee, except the ones in committee was extravalled to enders for almost a western North Carolinas and north Georgia.

The local office of the westilier burden with the chairmen only the committee comes in for a clarro of the commi

Liam is made.

Lyor Reamer explained that it is will known that the chairmen only known the responsibility in the matter of approving claims.

Dr. Earle moved that the street committeed statement of receipts and expenditures at the next meeting. Carried.

Alderman Sylvan of, the printing committee called attention to the bill of \$500 for the printing of the mayor he gave notice that at the next meeting of council he would ask council to make an appropriation covering this item;

Alderman Sylvan ealled attention to the fact that "ifampton avenue" or "Hampton street" or "Plain street" had not yet been marked with signs word ordered for "Hampton street" the raine decided upon by council, because of the signs council. Naw signs came for this street they had been removed. Mayor Reamer and that he had already taken that already and hoped to have the polls removed before a great while.

On motion of Alderman Dupre the

THE LAWYERS OF THE NATION.

American Bar Annociation Meeth at Scattle, Scattle, Wash, Aug. 25.—When Jacob M. Dickenson called the American Bar association together at the New Wash-ington hotel today in its 37th annual ington hotel today in its 37th annual convention, the large hall and the galleries were crowded with delegates, made up of distinguished jurists and lawyers from every part of the United State and with the delegates, families, friends and citizens of Scattle.

Presiden Dickenson replied to the addresses of welcome by United States Judge Hanford and Mayor Miller and then delivered his speech on the legislative situation so far as it relates to the enactment of new laws in the various States of the Union.

The first business was the selection of a new gendral council. Among them is James R. (Caton of Virginia.

The secretary reported an increase of membership during the year from 3.074

membership during the year from 2.074 to 3.587, 144 members joining today. There are now 43 bar associations, three territorial bar associations and 69 local bar associations.

The recommendation of the executive

In recommendation of the recentive committee that all resolutions be referred to the proper committee without delacts was accepted.

At the last meeting in Portland, Me, members said that politics was injected into the proceedings in the shape of meabutions which were delacted.